Outsourcing’s Next Hot Spots

Who’s next after India? A new London School Economics report cites opportunities in 14 countries, with Egypt topping the list.

By Nick Heath

Companies will soon see outsourcing as a game of dice – hedging their bets and spreading outsourcing deals across the world, a report by the London School of Economics (LSE) has predicted.

Report co-author professor Leslie Wilcock's said today the global growth in IT and business process outsourcing (BPO) in various new countries across the globe will allow businesses to gamble on many different outsourcing deals.

"At one level it is a crap's game, you spread your bets and you take your chances," he said.

"One country may be highly risky but you are willing to go ahead with the deal because you know that you can transfer it out if something goes wrong."

"Offshoring today is a transitional phase in a much larger movement towards a global division of labour."

The LSE's Beyond BPO report looked at 14 countries outside the traditional IT and BPO hubs of Brazil, Russia, India and China (Brick). Brick countries currently dominate the outsourcing market – accounting for $45bn of its $55bn annual global value.

The report examined fledgling IT and BPO outsourcing industries in Central and Eastern Europe, the Middle East and Africa, Asia and the Americas.

Wilcock's said India's struggles with high levels of staff turnover, rising costs and overburdened infrastructure is making emerging competitors more attractive.
“Meanwhile, China is seen as having difficulty in languages and problems with intellectual property and Russia can’t seem to get its act together.

“If the non-Bric countries can take advantage of these countries’ challenges then they will be able to work to their advantage. They should look to learn from India’s mistakes of not developing infrastructure and skills base fast enough to keep up with that growth.”

The predicted growth in the global ITO and BPO markets – which Wilcocks described as “proven profit” – with outsourcing revenue set to grow between six and nine per cent each year.

The need for more offshore deals will be compounded by a desire for near-shoring along with widespread skills shortages among Western countries. The UK is predicted to have a shortfall of more than 14,000 IT specialists by 2010 and the US a shortage of 1.5 million by 2005, Wilcocks said.

Topping the report’s list of the outsourcing hotspots in many areas was Egypt. The country is a good fit for offshore IT outsourcing, BPO and call centre deals because of its low costs, its ability to scale up its offerings and the 31,000 science, tech and engineering and 20,000 English speaking graduates it produces each year.

The report, which was commissioned by the Egypt’s Information Technology Industry Development Agency, says that Egypt needs to work on improving its management skills and transportation systems, changing perceptions of risk in the US and on attracting more high value work from Western clients.

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